# Safety Data Sheets (SDS) Requirements in Construction



Good morning, everyone. Today, we're going to talk about a crucial component of workplace safety—Safety Data Sheets, or SDS. These documents are critical for ensuring the safe use and handling of hazardous chemicals on construction sites. By understanding the information in SDSs, we can better protect ourselves and others from potential chemical hazards.

# What is a Safety Data Sheet (SDS)?

An SDS is a document that provides detailed information about a hazardous chemical, including its properties, health hazards, protective measures, and safety precautions for handling, storing, and transporting. It's a critical part of OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) and must be made available for every hazardous chemical used on a job site.

# Why Are SDSs Important in Construction?

In the construction industry, workers may be exposed to a wide range of hazardous substances, such as solvents, paints, adhesives, cleaning agents, and fuels. Exposure to these chemicals without proper precautions can lead to serious health issues, such as chemical burns, respiratory problems, and long-term chronic conditions like cancer. Having access to and understanding SDSs ensures that everyone is informed about the risks and knows the necessary precautions to take when working with these chemicals.

# Key Requirements for SDSs in Construction

- 1. Availability:
  - SDSs must be accessible to all workers on the job site.
  - They should be available in a centralized location and readily accessible during each work shift.
  - This can be in physical form (hard copies) or electronically, but they must be easily accessible in case of an emergency.

# 2. Training:

- All workers must be trained on how to read and understand SDSs.
- Training should cover recognizing labels, understanding hazard classifications, and knowing what actions to take in case of exposure.

# 3. Labeling:

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- Containers of hazardous chemicals must be properly labeled, identifying the contents and hazards.
- Workers must be trained to match the label on the container with the corresponding SDS.

### 4. Understanding the SDS Sections:

- Section 1: Identification Identifies the chemical and recommended uses.
- Section 2: Hazard Identification Outlines the hazards, including signal words, hazard statements, and precautionary statements.
- Section 3: Composition Provides information on ingredients and concentrations.
- Section 4: First-Aid Measures Lists necessary first-aid steps for exposure.
- Section 6: Accidental Release Measures Explains emergency procedures, cleanup methods, and containment.
- Section 8: Exposure Controls Describes personal protective equipment (PPE) required to handle the substance safely.
- Section 16: Other Information Includes any other relevant safety information.

#### **SDS Best Practices**

- **Before Using Any Chemical**: Always review the SDS to understand the potential hazards and required precautions, such as proper PPE, ventilation, and storage.
- **Report Missing SDSs**: If a product on-site does not have an SDS available, inform your supervisor immediately.
- **Emergency Preparedness**: Know the location of SDSs in case of an emergency and understand what actions to take in case of chemical exposure.

#### Conclusion

Understanding the information on SDSs is critical to staying safe when working with chemicals in construction. Make sure you always know where SDSs are located on your job site and take the time to read them before using any hazardous substance. If you're unsure about anything on the SDS, ask questions—safety is everyone's responsibility.



# Safety Meeting Sign-Off Sheet

Date:

Job Name:

Competent Person Name:

Competent Person Signature:

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Attendees:	

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